

DELETE

The Delete statement removes rows from a table. It does not act on individual columns as you can only delete a row and not a column.

Simplified Syntax:

```
DELETE [From] table_name
[USING clause]
[WHERE clause];
```

- [From] - optional
- makes the statement more English-like
- table_name** - required
- identifies the table you want to delete rows from
- USING clause - optional
- identifies additional table(s) referenced in the where clause that lets you delete rows in a table based on data in one or more other tables. If more than one table is included, tables are comma-delimited
- WHERE clause - optional
- identifies which rows to delete from the table
- if not coded **ALL** rows are deleted
- if the Using clause is utilized, table join condition(s) are coded here

Delete From Club;

Deletes all the records in the Club table.

Delete From Club

Where ClubID = 'ACM';

Deletes a record where the Club ID is 'ACM'

Delete From Payment

Where Amount < (Select AVG(Amount)
From Payment);

Deletes all the Payment records that are less than the average payment amount.